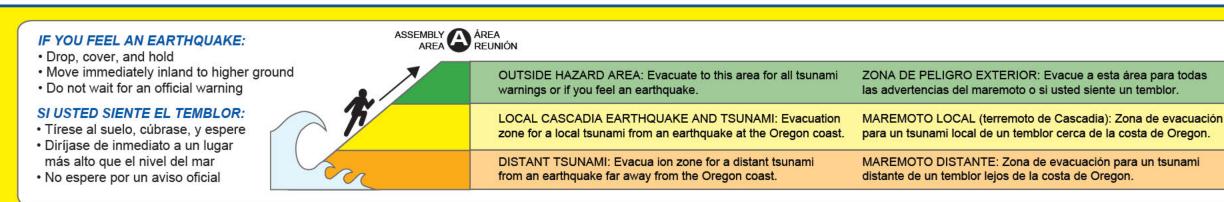
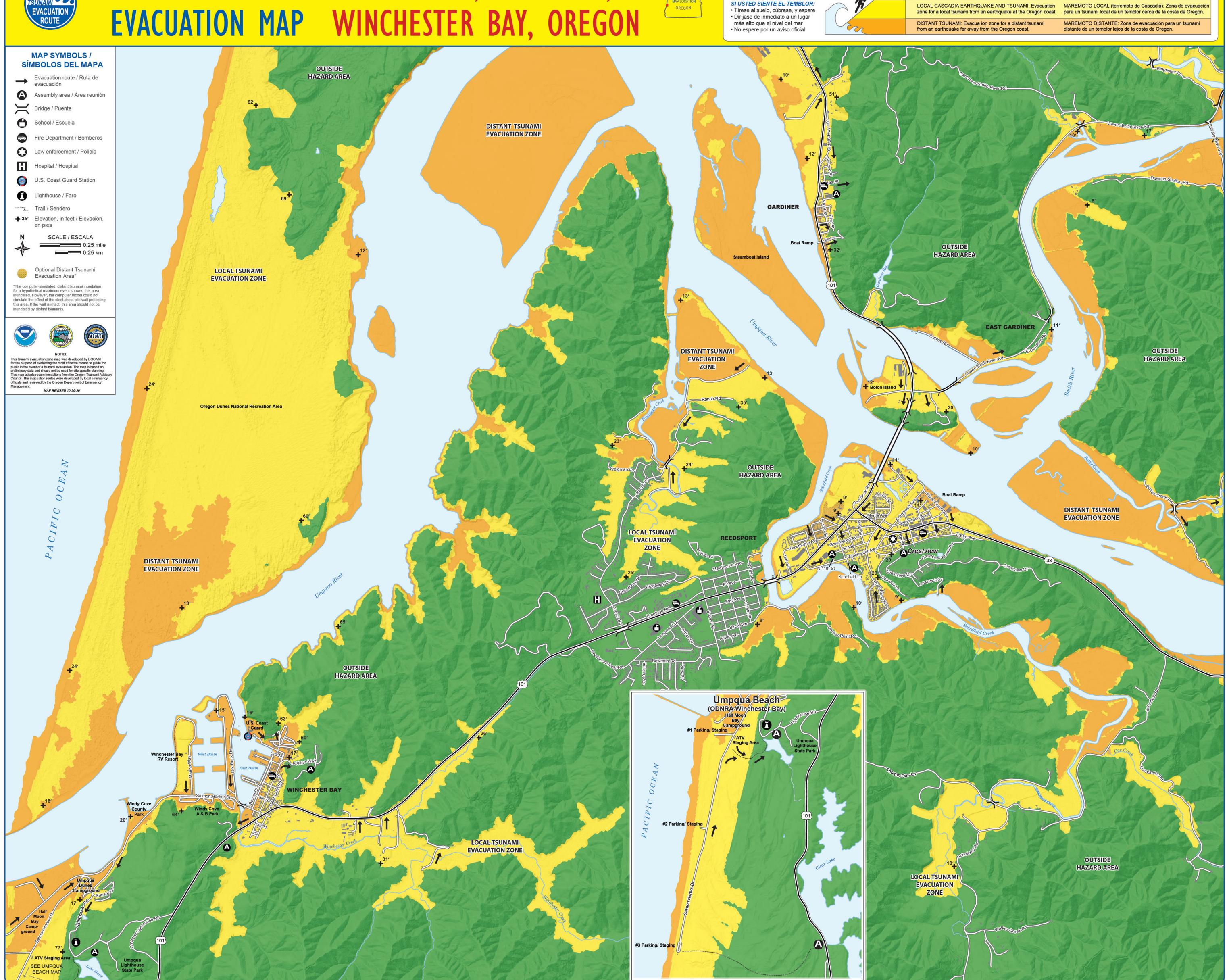


TSUNAMI REEDSPORT, GARDINER, EVACUATION MAP WINCHESTER BAY, OREGON









CONTACTS

Reedsport Volunteer Fire Department 2680 Frontage Road Reedsport, OR 97467 (541) 271-2423

Reedsport Police Department 146 N 4th Street Reedsport, OR 97467

www.cityofreedsport.org

Reedsport, OR 97467 (541) 271-2100 http://www.cityofreedsport.org

Douglas County Sheriff's Office Reedsport Annex 680 Fir Street Reedsport, OR 97467 (541) 271-4802

http://www.dcso.com

Douglas County Sheriff's Office Emergency Management Division 1036 SE Douglas Ave Roseburg, OR 97470 (541) 440-4448

http://www.dcso.com

Oregon Office of Emergency Management 3225 State Street, Room 115 Salem, OR 97301 (503) 378-2911 https://www.oregon.gov/OEM/

Oregon Department of Geology and Mineral Industries 800 NE Oregon Street, Suite 965 Portland, OR 97232 (971) 673-1555 https://www.oregongeology.org

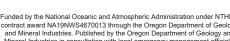
National Tsunami Warning Center (NTWC)
910 S. Felton St.
Palmer, AK 99645





(907) 745-4212







• DO NOT RETURN to the beach – large waves may continue to come onshore for several hours
• WAIT for an "all clear" from local emergency officials before returning to low-lying areas

DO NOT WALL for an official warning
 GO ON FOOT if at all possible
 DO NOT PACK or delay

Coastal areas
 Coastal areas
 Coastal areas
 DO NOT WAIT for an official warning

DROP, COVER, HOLD until the earthquake is over; protect yourself
 MOVE IMMEDIATELY INLAND to high ground and away from low-lying

:OQ OT TAHW

It you teel an earthquake, a tsunami may be coming...

BE PREPARED!

Assemble **emergency kits** with at least a 2-week supply for each family member:

- Local map showing safe evacuation routes to high ground
- First-aid supplies, prescriptions and non-prescription medication
- Water bottle and filtration or treatment supplies capable of providing 1 gallon per person per day
- Non-perishable food (ready-to-eat meals, canned food, baby food, energy bars)
- Cooking and eating utensils, can opener, Sterno® or other heat source
- Matches in water-proof container or lighter
- Shelter (tent), sleeping bags, blankets
- Portable radio, NOAA weather radio, flashlight, and extra batteries
- Rain gear, sturdy footwear, extra clothing
- Personal hygiene items (toilet paper, soap, toothbrush)
- Tools and supplies (pocket knife, shut-off wrench, duct tape, gloves, whistles, plastic bags)
- Cash

How to help with tsunami awareness in your community

- Start a tsunami buddy system
- Make and distribute emergency packs
- Initiate or participate in a local preparedness program

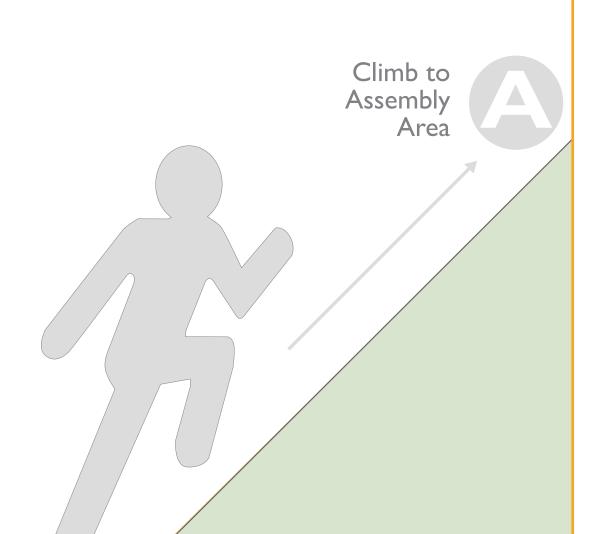
Visit **OregonTsunami.org** to find more great resources!

WHAT TO KNOW about tsunamis

A **tsunami** is a series of sea waves, usually caused by a displacement of the ocean floor by an undersea earthquake. As tsunamis enter shallow water near land, they increase in height and can cause great loss of life and property damage.

Recent research suggests that tsunamis have struck the Oregon coast on a regular basis. They can occur any time, day or night. Typical wave heights from tsunamis occurring in the Pacific Ocean over the last 500 years have been 20–65 feet at the shoreline. However, because of local conditions a few waves may have been much higher — as much as 100 feet.

We distinguish between a tsunami caused by an undersea earthquake near the Oregon coast (a **local** tsunami) and an undersea earthquake far away from the coast (a **distant** tsunami).



Local tsunamis

A *local tsunami* can come onshore within 15 to 20 minutes after the earthquake — before there is time for an official warning from the national warning system. Ground shaking from the earthquake may be the only warning you have. Evacuate quickly!

WHAT TO DO for both local and distant tsunamis



- I. Evacuate on foot, if at all possible.
 Follow evacuation signs and arrows to an Assembly Area.*
- 2. If you need help evacuating, tie something white (sheet or towel) to the front door knob. Make it large enough to be visible from the street. If the emergency is a distant tsunami, then help may arrive. In the event of a local tsunami, it is unlikely that anyone will help you, so make a plan and be prepared!
- 3. Stay away from potentially hazardous areas until you receive an ALL CLEAR from local officials. Tsunamis often follow river channels, and dangerous waves can persist for several hours. Local officials must inspect all flooded or earthquake-damaged structures before anyone can go back into them.
- 4. After evacuation, check with local emergency officials if you think you have special skills and can help, or if you need assistance locating lost family members.

*Assembly areas are shown on the map. Do not confuse Assembly Areas with Evacuation Centers, which are short-term help centers set up *after* a disaster occurs.

Distant tsunamis

A *distant tsunami* will take 4 hours or more to come ashore. You will feel no earthquake, and the tsunami will generally be smaller than that from a local earthquake. Typically, there is time for an official warning and evacuation to safety.

Evacuation for a distant tsunami will generally be indicated by an announcement over NOAA weather radio that the local area has been put into an official TSUNAMI WARNING. If you do not hear an announcement, a **sudden change of sea level** should prompt you to move immediately to high ground. If you see a sudden sea level change, first evacuate away from shoreline areas, then turn on your local broadcast media or NOAA weather radio for more information.

